

TAXATION

Reimbursement

**Agreement Between the
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
and the WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION**

Signed at Geneva December 22, 2000

with

Annex



NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Pursuant to Public Law 89—497, approved July 8, 1966
(80 Stat. 271; 1 U.S.C. 113)—

“ . . .the Treaties and Other International Acts Series issued under the authority of the Secretary of State shall be competent evidence . . . of the treaties, international agreements other than treaties, and proclamations by the President of such treaties and international agreements other than treaties, as the case may be, therein contained, in all the courts of law and equity and of maritime jurisdiction, and in all the tribunals and public offices of the United States, and of the several States, without any further proof or authentication thereof.”

WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

Taxation: Reimbursement

Agreement signed at Geneva December 22, 2000;

Entered into force December 22, 2000.

With annex.

TAX REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

This Agreement is made between the Government of the United States of America (hereinafter "United States") and the World Trade Organization (hereinafter "WTO"), (together "the Parties").

It is the intent of the United States to assume sole responsibility pursuant to this Agreement for funding the reimbursement of taxes to officials of the WTO who are subject to United States tax law as United States citizens or permanent resident aliens;

It is the intent of the WTO to place the reimbursement of United States income tax to its officials on a sound basis; and

The Parties are desirous of concluding an agreement on reimbursement to the WTO officials of United States Federal, state, and local income tax and self-employment tax levied under United States law on the income they receive as compensation for official services rendered to the WTO (hereinafter "institutional income");

THE PARTIES AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

1. The WTO shall reimburse the WTO officials paid from the regular budget who are liable for and pay the United States Federal self-employment tax and United States Federal, state, and local income taxes on their WTO institutional income, as defined in the Annex to this Agreement, the amount of those taxes, under the terms and conditions set forth below. This Agreement does not cover officials paid from voluntary funds. An advance payment made by the WTO relating to the estimated tax liability of a staff member during a current year will be treated as reimbursement, provided that such payment is effected by an instrument

payable to the Internal Revenue Service or counterpart body of the taxing state or local government.

2. Subject to the availability of appropriated funds, the United States shall reimburse the WTO for each taxpayer an amount not to exceed the tax that would be due if the specified categories of WTO income were the taxpayer's only income, taking into account any special tax benefits available to United States taxpayers employed abroad, as well as the deductions and personal exemptions otherwise allowed.

3. The WTO shall inform the officials who seek reimbursement of taxes that they are obligated to claim all deductions, exemptions, or exclusions to which they are entitled under applicable tax legislation and regulations.

4. For purposes of United States Federal income tax, deductions, exemptions, and adjustments to income shall be apportioned on a pro rata basis between taxable WTO institutional income and private income for the purposes of calculating tax reimbursement, except where deductions and exemptions relate to a specific category of income. "Taxable WTO institutional income" means the amount of WTO income subject to tax after the application of the foreign earned income exclusion.

5. Both Parties shall take all possible measures to reduce or eliminate the burden resulting from the cumulative effect of tax reimbursements being treated as taxable income. The WTO shall file all tax reimbursement claims within two calendar years from the date taxes were due or filed, whichever comes first.

6. The WTO officials who seek reimbursement of taxes are themselves responsible for complying with any income tax laws applicable to them; penalties, interest, or other charges resulting from noncompliance with such laws shall not be reimbursed by the WTO to the WTO officials and shall not be reimbursed by the United States to the WTO.

7. The WTO shall require each WTO official claiming tax reimbursement to determine the status defined by United States tax law under which that official files an income tax return, reimbursement being made on the basis of the status under which taxes are in fact being paid.

8. The WTO shall maintain separate accounting of the tax reimbursements covered by this Agreement. The WTO shall require each official receiving tax reimbursement to authorize the WTO to obtain confirmation from the United States Internal Revenue Service and state and local government counterpart bodies, as appropriate, of the tax liability of that official and the payment of the tax due. The WTO shall require each official to provide it with all the materials necessary to verify that the amounts claimed under this Agreement from the WTO are the same as the tax liability the official reports and the tax payments the official in fact makes.

9. Checks by the WTO for payment of estimated taxes shall be made payable to the Internal Revenue Service, or counterpart body of the taxing state or local government, and checks for reimbursement of taxes already paid by an official shall be made payable to the official concerned.

10. Reimbursement of the United States Federal self-employment taxes shall equal the difference between the amount the official pays as a result of the official's classification as a self-employed person, less any applicable tax credit arising from the same qualification, and the amount the official would have to pay in social security (Old Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance) taxes and health insurance (Medicare) taxes were the official classified as an employee.

11. The principles embodied in the present Agreement on reimbursement of Federal taxes equally constitute the basis for the reimbursement of state and local taxes.

12. The United States shall reimburse the WTO on the basis of a certification that reimbursements have been made by the WTO to United States citizens, or others who are liable to pay United States income taxes. The certification shall set forth the names and United States social security numbers of the WTO officials reimbursed, the total of the WTO income against which the United States tax has been paid (that is, institutional income as defined in the Annex), the amounts reimbursed to the WTO officials, the tax year for which reimbursement is made, the year in which reimbursement is made for each category of tax specified in Article 1, and affirm that their salaries and benefits are

paid from the regular budget as required by Article 1. This information shall be provided yearly to the United States before October first of each year.

13. The United States shall reimburse the WTO at the earliest possible date following receipt of the certification specified in Article 12 a sum sufficient to cover all tax reimbursements paid by the WTO with respect to preceding tax years, in accordance with this Agreement.

14. Subject to the availability of funds, the United States and the WTO may agree to a reimbursement for such reasonable and necessary expenses as the WTO may incur in connection with the implementation of the administrative procedures required to carry out the provisions of this Agreement.

15. This Agreement shall apply with regard to tax reimbursements for institutional income earned on or after January 1, 1999.

16. This Agreement shall enter into force upon signature by the Parties and may thereafter be terminated by either Party on December 31 of the year following the year in which notice is given in writing to the other Party, or when the WTO ceases to exist, whichever comes sooner. If this Agreement terminates because the WTO ceases to exist, the United States and the successor in interest to the WTO or other previously agreed upon designated person shall determine what arrangements are appropriate to permit reimbursement of WTO officials as contemplated by this Agreement.

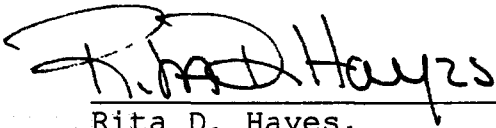
17. Should the United States conclude a tax reimbursement agreement with any other international organization substantially more favorable to that organization or its officials than the present Agreement, the latter shall be modified to extend to the WTO the benefit of the former, subject to the agreement of the United States, which shall not unreasonably be refused.

18. Any difficulties arising from the implementation of this Agreement shall be resolved by consultations between the Parties.

Done in duplicate, in the English language, at Geneva, this 22nd day of December 2000.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

FOR THE WORLD TRADE
ORGANIZATION:



Rita D. Hayes,
Ambassador



Miguel R. Mendoza,
Deputy Director-General

ANNEX

Particulars of Institutional Income

"Institutional income," as used in this Tax Reimbursement Agreement, includes only the following particulars of compensation:

- Basic salary
- Merit pay
- Periodic salary increments
- Special post allowance
- Overtime
- Night differential
- Dependency allowance
- Education grant and related travel
- Home leave travel
- Payments for unused annual leave
- Termination indemnity
- Removal cost on appointment
- Removal cost on separation
- Installation grant
- Special post allowance
- Language allowance
- Repatriation grant
- Cost of living adjustment
- Reimbursement of United States Federal, state, or local income tax payments and United States self-employment tax payments on institutional income.

Should the WTO approve the addition, modification, or deletion of any elements of institutional income, this annex may be modified by an exchange of letters, subject to the agreement of the United States, which shall not be unreasonably refused.