

**Protocol on the Authentic Quinquelingual Text of the
Convention on International Civil Aviation (Chicago, 1944)**

Done: Montreal September 29, 1995

Opened For Signature: This Protocol shall remain open for signature at Montreal until 10 October 1995 and thereafter at Washington.

Entry into Force: not yet in force

This Protocol shall come into force on the thirtieth day after twelve States shall have signed it without reservation as to acceptance or accepted it and after entry into force of the Protocol relating to an amendment to the Convention on International Civil Aviation signed on 29 September 1995, which provides that the text of the Convention in the Arabic language is of equal authenticity.

Legend: (no mark) = ratification; **a** =accession; **d**= succession; **c** = acceptance; **p**= approval; **h**=adherence

Participant	Signature	Consent to be Bound		EIF date	Note
Algeria	October 10, 1995	March 20, 2001			
Andorra		January 26, 2001	c		
Argentina	October 6, 1995				
Armenia	September 29, 1995				
Australia		February 1, 2002	c		
Bahrain	September 29, 1995	April 15, 1997			1
Barbados		October 27, 2006	c		
Belgium	September 29, 1995				
Belize	September 29, 1995				
Botswana		April 2, 2001	c		
Brazil	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Brunei		August 25, 2000	c		
Burkina Faso		December 8, 1998			
Canada		December 7, 2001	c		
Chile	September 29, 1995				
China, People`s Republic of	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Congo, Republic of		July 10, 2013	c		
Croatia	September 29, 1995				
Cuba	September 29, 1995	August 7, 1998	c		
Czech Republic	September 29, 1995	April 30, 2001	c		
Denmark	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		

Participant	Signature	Consent to be Bound		EIF date	Note
Dominican Republic	September 29, 1995				
Ecuador		April 14, 2004	c		
Egypt	September 29, 1995	April 20, 2000			2
El Salvador		February 16, 2012	c		
Eritrea	September 30, 1995	September 30, 1995	s		
Finland	September 29, 1995	October 22, 1998	c		
France	September 29, 1995	March 21, 2001	c		
Gabon		May 16, 2014	c		
Germany	September 29, 1995	October 13, 1999	c		
Ghana	October 2, 1995				
Greece	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Guatemala		October 29, 2002	c		
Hungary		April 16, 2007	c		
Iceland	September 29, 1995	December 14, 2004			3
India	October 10, 1995	October 10, 1995	s		
Indonesia	September 29, 1995	May 6, 2005			
Iran	September 29, 1995	September 13, 1999	c		
Iraq		November 4, 2002	c		
Italy	September 29, 1995	March 5, 1996	c		
Jamaica	September 29, 1995				
Jordan	September 29, 1995	November 10, 1999			
Kazakhstan	October 5, 1995				
Korea, Dem. People's Republic of		May 16, 1996	c		
Korea, Republic of	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Kuwait	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Kyrgyzstan		January 9, 2001	c		
Lebanon	September 29, 1995	October 6, 1998	c		
Libya	October 2, 1995	November 7, 2000			
Lithuania		November 12, 2003	c		
Madagascar	October 10, 1995				
Malaysia	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Maldives		March 10, 1997	c		
Mali	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Malta		July 2, 1996	c		

Participant	Signature	Consent to be Bound		EIF date	Note
Mauritania	September 30, 1995				
Mauritius	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Mexico	September 29, 1995	July 26, 1996	c		
Monaco		June 18, 1996	c		
Morocco	September 29, 1995	May 13, 1996	c		
Namibia		October 19, 2001	c		
Netherlands	September 26, 1996	September 26, 1996	s		4
New Zealand		March 26, 2001	c		5
Niger	September 29, 1995				
Nigeria	September 29, 1995	September 19, 2002			
North Macedonia		June 19, 2000	c		
Norway	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Oman		December 6, 1996	c		
Paraguay		July 27, 2004	c		
Peru	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Portugal	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Qatar		June 25, 2008	c		
Romania	September 29, 1995				
Russia	September 29, 1995				
San Marino	October 2, 1995				
Saudi Arabia	September 29, 1995	July 7, 1998			
Senegal	September 29, 1995				
Seychelles		February 16, 2022			
Singapore		December 16, 2004	c		
Slovak Republic	April 20, 1999				
Slovenia	April 16, 1998	April 16, 1998	s		
Spain	September 29, 1995	December 2, 1998	c		
Sudan	September 29, 1995	December 16, 2002			6
Suriname		September 2, 2005	c		
Switzerland	July 16, 1998				
Thailand		August 1, 1997	c		
Togo	September 29, 1995				
Trinidad and Tobago		March 15, 1999	c		
Tunisia		January 30, 1997	c		

Participant	Signature	Consent to be Bound		EIF date	Note
Turkey	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
Ukraine	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		
United Arab Emirates	September 29, 1995	September 14, 2000	c		
United Kingdom	September 29, 1995	March 23, 1999	c		
United States	September 29, 1995				
Uruguay	October 2, 1995	October 2, 1995	s		
Uzbekistan		August 13, 1998	c		
Venezuela	September 29, 1995				
Vietnam		May 1, 2000	c		
Yemen	September 29, 1995	September 29, 1995	s		

NOTES

- ¹ Signature on September 29, 1995 is considered definitive although Bahrain deposited an instrument of ratification on April 15, 1997.
- ² Signature on September 29, 1995 is considered definitive although Egypt deposited an instrument of ratification on April 20, 2000.
- ³ Signature on September 29, 1995 is considered definitive although Iceland deposited an instrument of ratification on December 14, 2004.
- ⁴ The Royal Netherlands Embassy in Washington transmitted to the Department of State a diplomatic note, dated October 6, 2010, which reads in pertinent part as follows:

The Kingdom of the Netherlands currently consists of three parts: the Netherlands, the Netherlands Antilles and Aruba. The Netherlands Antilles consists of the islands of Curaçao, Sint Maarten, Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba.

With effect from 10 October 2010, the Netherlands Antilles will cease to exist as a part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands. From that date onwards, the Kingdom will consist of four parts: the Netherlands, Aruba, Curaçao and Sint Maarten. Curaçao and Sint Maarten will enjoy internal self-government within the Kingdom, as Aruba and, up to 10 October 2010, the Netherlands Antilles do.

These changes constitute a modification of the internal constitutional relations within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. The Kingdom of the Netherlands will accordingly remain the subject of international law with which agreements are concluded. The modification of the structure of the Kingdom will therefore not affect the validity of the international agreements ratified by the Kingdom for the Netherlands Antilles; these agreements will continue to apply to Curaçao and Sint Maarten.

The other islands that have until now formed part of the Netherlands Antilles – Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba – will become part of the Netherlands, thus constituting ‘the Caribbean part of the Netherlands’. The agreements that now apply to the Netherlands Antilles will also continue to apply to these islands; however, the Government of the Netherlands will now be responsible for implementing these agreements.”

- ⁵ With the declaration “. . . that, consistent with the constitutional status of Tokelau and taking into account its commitment to the development of self-government through an act of self-determination under the Charter of the United Nations, this acceptance shall not extend to Tokelau unless and until a Declaration to this effect is lodged by the Government of New Zealand with the Depositary on the basis of appropriate consultation with that territory.”
- ⁶ Signature on September 29, 1995 is considered definitive although Sudan deposited an instrument of ratification on December 16, 2002.